

On Deriving Nested Calculi for Intuitionistic Logics from Semantic Systems

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Funded by FWF project W1255-N23, FWF START project Y544-N2, and FWF project I2982.



Translating and Discovering Calculi for Modal and Related Logics
(TICAMORE WORKSHOP V 2019)

Labelled (Semantic) Paradigm:

- ▶ Semantic Clauses + Frame Properties \rightarrow Inference Rules
- ▶ Easy to Construct (Process can be automated)
- ▶ General Theorems:
 - ▶ Cut-Elimination
 - ▶ Invertibility of Rules
 - ▶ Structural Rule Admissibility

Nested (Syntactic) Paradigm:

- ▶ Minimize Bureaucracy
- ▶ Strong Subformula Property (Useful for Automated Reasoning)

*Extracting latter from former (preserving properties) would be useful.

*Case Study: Intuitionistic Logics

Overview of Talk

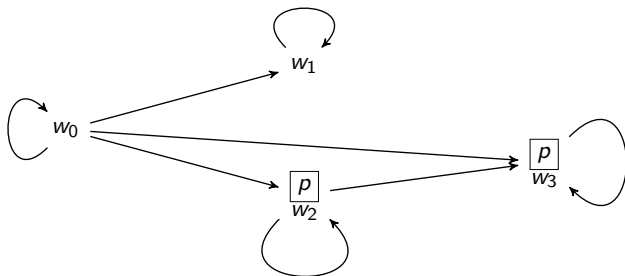
- 1 Intuitionistic Logics
- 2 Labelled Sequents and Calculi
- 3 Nested Sequents and Calculi
- 4 Extracting Nested from Labelled
- 5 Future Work

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Propositional Intuitionistic Logic

Language: $A ::= p \mid \perp \mid (A \vee A) \mid (A \wedge A) \mid (A \rightarrow A)$

Propositional Intuitionistic Model (W, \leq, V)

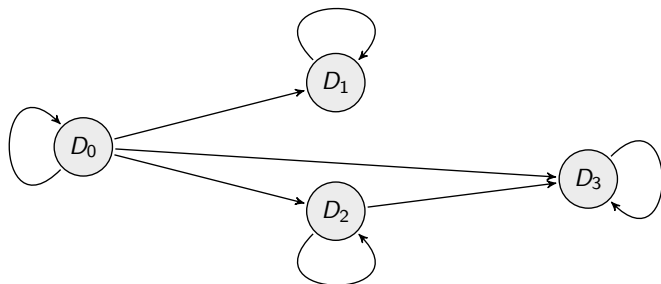


First-Order Intuitionistic Logic (Constant Domains)

Language:

$$A ::= p(x_1, \dots, x_n) \mid \perp \mid (A \vee A) \mid (A \wedge A) \mid (A \rightarrow A) \mid (\exists x)A \mid (\forall x)A$$

First-Order Intuitionistic Model (W, \leq, D, V)



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Labelled Sequents

Labelled Sequents: $L_1 \Rightarrow L_2$ where

$$L_1 ::= w : A \mid a \in D_w \mid w \leq v \mid L_1, L_1 \quad L_2 ::= w : A \mid L_2, L_2$$

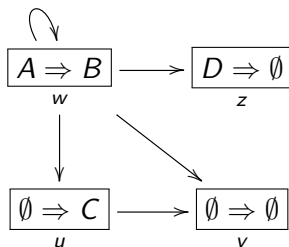
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Example:

$$w \leq w, w \leq u, u \leq v, w \leq v, w \leq z, w : A, z : D \Rightarrow w : B, u : C$$



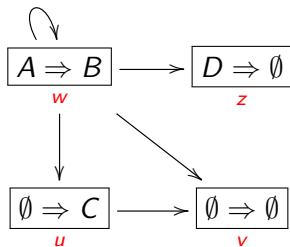
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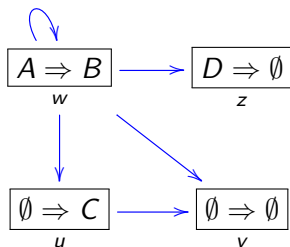
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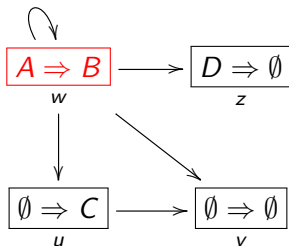
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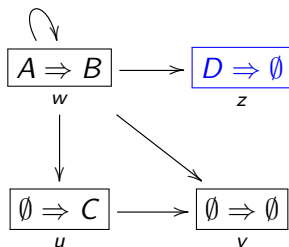
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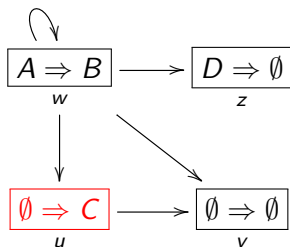
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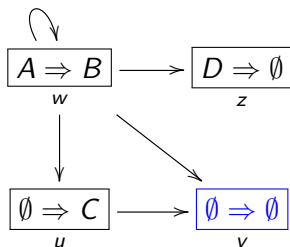
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Labelled Calculus (IntQC): Initial Sequents

$$\frac{}{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, \vec{a} \in D_w, w : p(\vec{a}), \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, v : p(\vec{a})} (id_q)$$



Notation:

- ▶ $\vec{a} = (a_1, \dots, a_n)$
- ▶ $\vec{a} \in D_w = a_1 \in D_w, \dots, a_n \in D_w$

Labelled Calculus (IntQC): Propositional Connective Rules

$$\frac{}{\mathcal{R}, w : \perp, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} (\perp_l) \quad \frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, v : A, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, v : B}{\mathcal{R}, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A \supset B} (\supset_r)^{\dagger_1}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w : A, w : B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{\mathcal{R}, w : A \wedge B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} (\wedge_l) \quad \frac{\mathcal{R}, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A \quad \mathcal{R}, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : B}{\mathcal{R}, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A \wedge B} (\wedge_r)$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w : A, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta \quad \mathcal{R}, w : B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{\mathcal{R}, w : A \vee B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} (\vee_l) \quad \frac{\mathcal{R}, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A, w : B}{\mathcal{R}, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A \vee B} (\vee_r)$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, w : A \supset B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, v : A \quad \mathcal{R}, w \leq v, w : A \supset B, v : B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, w : A \supset B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} (\supset_l)$$

Labelled Calculus (IntQC): Structural Rules

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq w, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{\mathcal{R}, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} \text{ (ref)} \quad \frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, v \leq u, w \leq u, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, v \leq u, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} \text{ (tra)}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_w, a \in D_v, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_w, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} \text{ (nd)}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_v, a \in D_w, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_v, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} \text{ (cd)}$$

Labelled Calculus (IntQC): Quantifier Rules

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_v, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, v : A[a/x]}{\mathcal{R}, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : \forall x A} (\forall_r)^{\dagger_2}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, a \in D_w, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A[a/x], w : \exists x A}{\mathcal{R}, a \in D_w, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : \exists x A} (\exists_r)$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, a \in D_w, w : A[a/x], \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{\mathcal{R}, w : \exists x A, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} (\exists_l)^{\dagger_3}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_v, v : A[a/x], w : \forall x A, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_v, w : \forall x A, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} (\forall_l)$$

Properties of Labelled Calculus G3IntQC

- 1 Sound and Complete
- 2 Hp-admissibility of substitutions
- 3 Hp-invertibility of rules
- 4 Hp-admissibility of structural rules
- 5 Cut-Elimination

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Nested Sequents

Language:

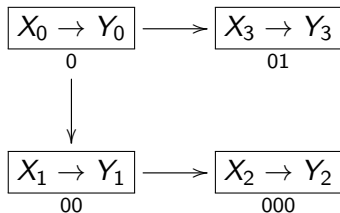
$$X ::= A \mid X, X \quad \Sigma ::= X \rightarrow X \mid X \rightarrow X, [\Sigma], \dots, [\Sigma]$$

Nested Sequents

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Example: $X_0 \rightarrow Y_0, [X_1 \rightarrow Y_1, [X_2 \rightarrow Y_2]], [X_3 \rightarrow Y_3]$

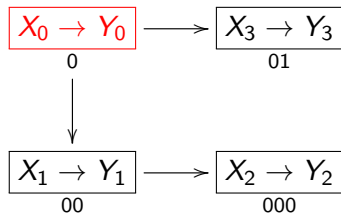


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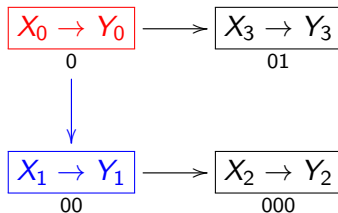


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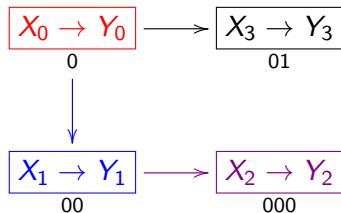


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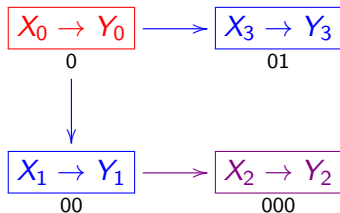


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Nested Calculus for IntQC: Propositional Fragment

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{}{\Sigma[X, p(\vec{a}) \rightarrow p(\vec{a}), Y]} (id_q) \\
 \\
 \frac{\Sigma[X, A, B \rightarrow Y]}{\Sigma[X, A \wedge B \rightarrow Y]} (\wedge_l) \quad \frac{\Sigma[X \rightarrow A, Y] \quad \Sigma[X \rightarrow B, Y]}{\Sigma[X \rightarrow A \wedge B, Y]} (\wedge_r) \\
 \\
 \frac{\Sigma[X, A \rightarrow Y] \quad \Sigma[X, B \rightarrow Y]}{\Sigma[X, A \vee B \rightarrow Y]} (\vee_l) \quad \frac{\Sigma[X \rightarrow A, B, Y]}{\Sigma[X \rightarrow A \vee B, Y]} (\vee_r) \\
 \\
 \frac{\Sigma[X \rightarrow Y, [A \rightarrow]]}{\Sigma[X \rightarrow Y, \neg A]} (\neg_r) \quad \frac{\Sigma[X \rightarrow A, Y]}{\Sigma[X, \neg A \rightarrow Y]} (\neg_l) \\
 \\
 \frac{\Sigma[X \rightarrow Y, [A \rightarrow B]]}{\Sigma[X \rightarrow A \supset B, Y]} (\supset_r) \quad \frac{\Sigma[X \rightarrow A, Y] \quad \Sigma[X, B \rightarrow Y]}{\Sigma[X, A \supset B \rightarrow Y]} (\supset_l) \\
 \\
 \frac{\Sigma\{X \rightarrow Y, [X', A \rightarrow Y']\}}{\Sigma\{X, A \rightarrow Y, [X' \rightarrow Y']\}} (lift)
 \end{array}$$

Nested Calculus for IntQC: Quantifier Rules

$$\frac{\Sigma[X \rightarrow Y, A[a/x]]}{\Sigma[X \rightarrow Y, \exists xA]} (\exists_r)$$

$$\frac{\Sigma[X \rightarrow Y, A[a/x]]}{\Sigma[X \rightarrow Y, \forall xA]} (\forall_r)^\dagger$$

$$\frac{\Sigma[X, A[a/x] \rightarrow Y]}{\Sigma[X, \forall xA \rightarrow Y]} (\forall_l)$$

$$\frac{\Sigma[X, A[a/x] \rightarrow Y]}{\Sigma[X, \exists xA \rightarrow Y]} (\exists_l)^\dagger$$

Properties of Nested Calculus NIntQC

By Fitting's 2014 paper we have:

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- ▶ Soundness
- ▶ Cut-free Completeness

Properties of Nested Calculus NIntQC

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*Through our extraction method, we will obtain more properties!

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Eliminating Reflexivity

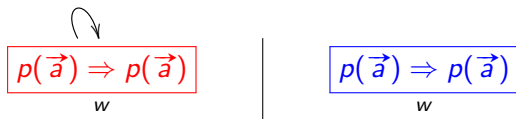
Two Issues:

$$\frac{}{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, \vec{a} \in D_w, w : p(\vec{a}), \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, v : p(\vec{a})} (id_q)$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, w : A \supset B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, v : A \quad \mathcal{R}, w \leq v, w : A \supset B, v : B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, w : A \supset B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} (\sup_l)$$

Eliminating Reflexivity: (id_q) Case

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq w, \vec{a} \in D_w, w : p(\vec{a}), \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : p(\vec{a})}{\mathcal{R}, \vec{a} \in D_w, w : p(\vec{a}), \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : p(\vec{a})} \begin{array}{l} (id_q) \\ (ref) \end{array}$$



Eliminating Reflexivity: (id_q) Case

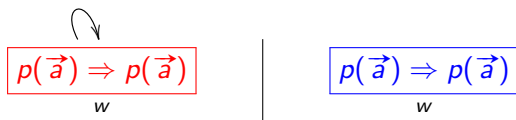
$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq w, \vec{a} \in D_w, w : p(\vec{a}), \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : p(\vec{a})}{\mathcal{R}, \vec{a} \in D_w, w : p(\vec{a}), \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : p(\vec{a})} \begin{array}{l} (id_q) \\ (ref) \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{p(\vec{a}) \Rightarrow p(\vec{a})}_w \quad | \quad \boxed{p(\vec{a}) \Rightarrow p(\vec{a})}_w$$

- Problem: Conclusion is not an initial sequent

Eliminating Reflexivity: (id_q) Case

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq w, \vec{a} \in D_w, w : p(\vec{a}), \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : p(\vec{a})}{\mathcal{R}, \vec{a} \in D_w, w : p(\vec{a}), \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : p(\vec{a})} \begin{array}{l} (id_q) \\ (ref) \end{array}$$



- ▶ Problem: Conclusion is not an initial sequent
- ▶ Solution: Add the following as an initial sequent:

$$\frac{}{\mathcal{R}, \vec{a} \in D_w, w : p(\vec{a}), \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : p(\vec{a})} (id_q^*)$$

Eliminating Reflexivity: (\supset_I) Case

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq w, w : A \supset B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A \quad \mathcal{R}, w \leq w, w : A \supset B, w : B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq w, w : A \supset B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{\mathcal{R}, w : A \supset B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} \text{ (ref)}} \text{ (\supset_I)}$$

Eliminating Reflexivity: (\supset_I) Case

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► Let's try to permute (*ref*) upwards:

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq w, w : A \supset B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A}{\mathcal{R}, w : A \supset B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A} (ref) \quad \frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq w, w : A \supset B, w : B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{\mathcal{R}, w : A \supset B, w : B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} (ref)$$

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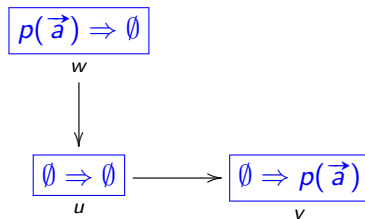
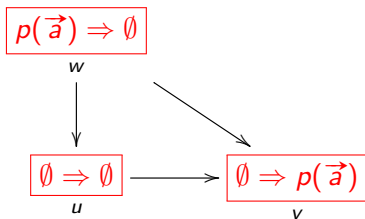
$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq w, w : A \supset B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A}{\mathcal{R}, w : A \supset B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A} (ref) \quad \frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq w, w : A \supset B, w : B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{\mathcal{R}, w : A \supset B, w : B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} (ref)$$

- Solution: Add the following rule:

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w : A \supset B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A \quad \mathcal{R}, w : A \supset B, w : B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{\mathcal{R}, w : A \supset B, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} (\supset_I^*)$$

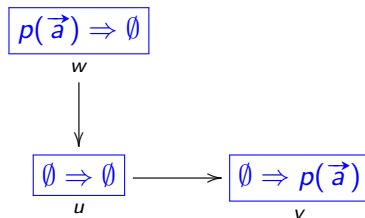
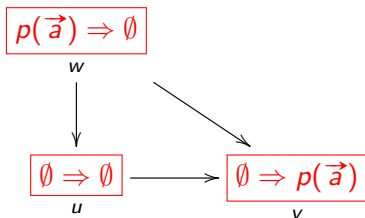
Eliminating Transitivity

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq u, u \leq v, w \leq v, \vec{a} \in D_w, w : p(\vec{a}), \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, v : p(\vec{a})}{\mathcal{R}, w \leq u, u \leq v, \vec{a} \in D_w, w : p(\vec{a}), \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, v : p(\vec{a})} \begin{array}{l} (id_q) \\ (tra) \end{array}$$



Eliminating Transitivity

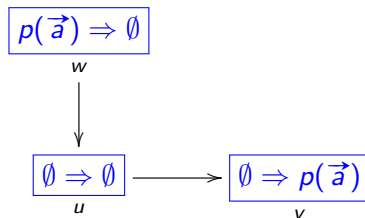
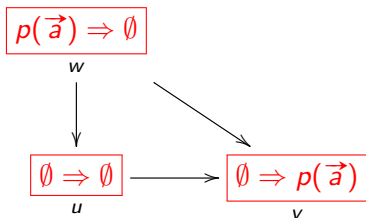
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- ▶ Problem: Conclusion is not an initial sequent

Eliminating Transitivity

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq u, u \leq v, w \leq v, \vec{a} \in D_w, w : p(\vec{a}), \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, v : p(\vec{a})}{\mathcal{R}, w \leq u, u \leq v, \vec{a} \in D_w, w : p(\vec{a}), \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, v : p(\vec{a})} \begin{array}{l} (id_q) \\ (tra) \end{array}$$

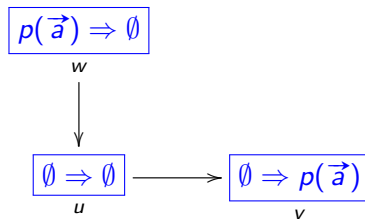
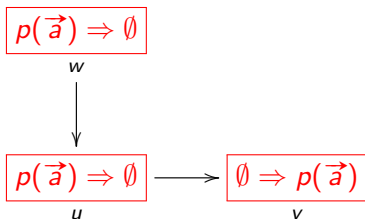


- ▶ Problem: Conclusion is not an initial sequent
- ▶ Solution:

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, w : A, v : A, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, w : A, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} (lift)$$

Eliminating Transitivity

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq u, u \leq v, \vec{a} \in D_w, w : p(\vec{a}), u : p(\vec{a}), \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, v : p(\vec{a})}{\mathcal{R}, w \leq u, u \leq v, \vec{a} \in D_w, w : p(\vec{a}), \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, v : p(\vec{a})} \begin{array}{l} (id_q) \\ (lift) \end{array}$$



Consequences of (ref) and (tra) Elimination

Theorem

Every derivation in $G3IntQC - \{(ref), (tra)\} + \{(id_q^*), (\supset_l^*), (lift)\}$ of a labelled theorem $w : A$ is treelike.

Treelike = (1) Connected and (2) Acyclic

Consequences of (*ref*) and (*tra*) Elimination II

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{}{w \leq u, u \leq u, u : p(\vec{a}) \Rightarrow u : p(\vec{a})} (id_q)}{w \leq u, u : p(\vec{a}) \Rightarrow u : p(\vec{a})} (ref)}{\Rightarrow w : p(\vec{a}) \supset p(\vec{a})} (\supset_r)$$

$$\boxed{\emptyset \Rightarrow \emptyset}_w \longrightarrow \boxed{p(\vec{a}) \Rightarrow p(\vec{a})}_w$$

$$\boxed{\emptyset \Rightarrow \emptyset}_w \longrightarrow \boxed{p(\vec{a}) \Rightarrow p(\vec{a})}_w$$

$$\boxed{\emptyset \Rightarrow p(\vec{a}) \supset p(\vec{a})}_w$$

Consequences of (*ref*) and (*tra*) Elimination III

$$\frac{\frac{}{w \leq u, u : p(\vec{a}) \Rightarrow u : p(\vec{a})} (id_q^*)}{\Rightarrow w : p(\vec{a}) \supset p(\vec{a})} (\supset_r)$$

$$\boxed{\emptyset \Rightarrow \emptyset} \xrightarrow{w} \boxed{p(\vec{a}) \Rightarrow p(\vec{a})}$$

$$\boxed{\emptyset \Rightarrow p(\vec{a}) \supset p(\vec{a})}$$

Eliminating Domain Conditions

We want to eliminate the following:

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_w, a \in D_v, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_w, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} \text{ (nd)} \quad \frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_v, a \in D_w, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_v, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} \text{ (cd)}$$

Main Issues:

$$\frac{}{\mathcal{R}, \vec{a} \in D_w, w : p(\vec{a}), \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : p(\vec{a})} \text{ (id}_q^*)$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, a \in D_w, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A[a/x], w : \exists x A}{\mathcal{R}, a \in D_w, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : \exists x A} \text{ (}\exists_r\text{)}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_v, v : A[a/x], w : \forall x A, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_v, w : \forall x A, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} \text{ (}\forall_l\text{)}$$

Eliminating Domain Conditions: (*nd*) Case

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, u \leq w, a \in D_u, a \in D_w, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A[a/x], w : \exists x A}{\frac{\mathcal{R}, u \leq w, a \in D_u, a \in D_w, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : \exists x A}{\mathcal{R}, u \leq w, a \in D_u, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : \exists x A} (nd)} (\exists_r)$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, u \leq w, a \in D_u, a \in D_w, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A[a/x], w : \exists x A}{\mathcal{R}, u \leq w, a \in D_u, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A[a/x], w : \exists x A} (nd)$$

Eliminating Domain Conditions: (*nd*) Case

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, u \leq w, a \in D_u, a \in D_w, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A[a/x], w : \exists x A}{\frac{\mathcal{R}, u \leq w, a \in D_u, a \in D_w, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : \exists x A}{\mathcal{R}, u \leq w, a \in D_u, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : \exists x A} (nd)} (\exists_r)$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, u \leq w, a \in D_u, a \in D_w, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A[a/x], w : \exists x A}{\mathcal{R}, u \leq w, a \in D_u, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A[a/x], w : \exists x A} (nd)$$

*Important Observation: The domain atom has *shifted one step back*.

Eliminating Domain Conditions: (cd) Case

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_w, a \in D_v, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A[a/x], w : \exists xA}{\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_w, a \in D_v, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : \exists xA}{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_v, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : \exists xA} (cd)} (\exists_r)$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_w, a \in D_v, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A[a/x], w : \exists xA}{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_v, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A[a/x], w : \exists xA} (cd)$$

Eliminating Domain Conditions: (*cd*) Case

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_w, a \in D_v, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A[a/x], w : \exists x A}{\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_w, a \in D_v, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : \exists x A}{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_v, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : \exists x A} (cd)} (\exists_r)$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_w, a \in D_v, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A[a/x], w : \exists x A}{\mathcal{R}, w \leq v, a \in D_v, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A[a/x], w : \exists x A} (cd)$$

*Important Observation: The domain atom has *shifted one step forward*.

Newly Added Rules

- ▶ \dagger_1 = Path between v and w
- ▶ \dagger_2 = Path between v_i and w for $1 \leq i \leq n$

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, a \in D_v, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : A[a/x], w : \exists x A}{\mathcal{R}, a \in D_v, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, w : \exists x A} (\exists_r^*)^{\dagger_1}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{R}, a \in D_v, w : A[a/x], w : \forall x A, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{\mathcal{R}, a \in D_v, w : \forall x A, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} (\forall_l^*)^{\dagger_1}$$

$$\frac{}{\mathcal{R}, a_1 \in D_{v_1}, \dots, a_n \in D_{v_n}, w : p(\vec{a}), \Gamma \Rightarrow w : p(\vec{a}), \Delta} (id_q^*)^{\dagger_2}$$

Inherited Properties

NIntQC has the following properties:

- ▶ Admissibility of the following structural rules:

$$\frac{\Sigma\{X \rightarrow Y, [\Sigma'], [\Sigma']\}}{\Sigma\{X \rightarrow Y, [\Sigma']\}} \text{ (ctr}_1\text{)} \quad \frac{\Sigma\{X, X \rightarrow Y\}}{\Sigma\{X \rightarrow Y\}} \text{ (ctr}_2\text{)}$$

$$\frac{\Sigma\{X \rightarrow Y, Y\}}{\Sigma\{X \rightarrow Y\}} \text{ (ctr}_3\text{)} \quad \frac{\Sigma\{X \rightarrow Y\}}{\Sigma\{X \rightarrow Y, [\Sigma']\}} \text{ (wk}_1\text{)}$$

$$\frac{\Sigma\{X \rightarrow Y\}}{\Sigma\{X \rightarrow Y, Z\}} \text{ (wk}_2\text{)} \quad \frac{\Sigma\{X \rightarrow Y\}}{\Sigma\{X, Z \rightarrow Y\}} \text{ (wk}_3\text{)}$$

- ▶ Invertibility of all rules
- ▶ Sound and Cut-free Complete

- 1 Intuitionistic Logics
- 2 Labelled Sequents and Calculi
- 3 Nested Sequents and Calculi
- 4 Extracting Nested from Labelled
- 5 Future Work**

Future Work

- 1 Find General Conditions for Extracting Nested from Labelled
- 2 Current Results:
 - ▶ (Multi-Modal) Grammar Logics
 - ▶ (Sub-)(Bi-)Intuitionistic Logics
 - ▶ STIT Logics
- 3 Provide Nested Calculi for New Logics